

READING



Fred the Frog puppet plays an important role in our Read Write Inc lessons. Fred is only able to speak in sounds, not whole words. We call this Fred Talk.

For example, Fred would say m-a – t we would say mat. Fred talk helps children read unfamiliar words by pronouncing each sound in the word one at a time. Children can start blending sounds into words as soon as they know a small group of letters well. During lessons children are taught to hear sounds and *blend* them together in sequence to make a word. We start with blending oral sounds, then progress to reading the letters and blending them together to read the word.

The following video is an example of blending sounds with Fred.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dEzfpod5w_Q

Order of teaching sounds

In Read Write Inc phonics the individual sounds are called 'speed sounds' – because we want your child to read them effortlessly. Set 1 sounds are the initial letter sounds. They are taught in the following order.

m, a, s, d, t, i, n, p, g, o, c, k, u, b, f, e, l, h, sh, r, j, v, y, w, th, z, ch, qu, x, ng, nk

There are 12 Set 2 'speed sounds' that are made up of two or three letters which represent just one sound, e.g. ay as in play, ee as in tree and igh as in high.

When children learn their Set 2 sounds they will learn:

- the letters that represent a speed sound e.g. ay
- a simple picture prompt linked to the 'speed sound' and a short phrase to say e.g. may I play

Every speed sound has a list of green words linked to it, so your child can 'sound out' and 'sound blend' words containing the new speed sound they have just learnt, for example s-p-r-ay = spray.

When learning their Set 3 speed sounds they will be taught that there are more ways in which the same sounds are written, e.g. ee as in tree and ea as in tea.

The table below shows the sound, the associated phrase and example green words.

Vowel sound	Set 2 Speed Sound Rhyme	Green words
ay	ay: may I play	day play say may tray today
ee	ee: what can you see?	seen need sleep feel three green
igh	igh: fly high	might light sight night fright
ow	ow: blow the snow	snow flow know show blow
oo	oo: poo at the zoo	mood fool pool stool moon spoon
oo	oo: look at a book	took shook cook foot
ar	ar: start the car	bar park smart sharp car spark
or	or: shut the door	sort short worn horse sport fork

air	air: that's not fair	fair stair hair lair chair
ir	ir: whirl and twirl	girl third whirl twirl dirt
ou	ou: shout it out	mouth round found loud shout
oy	oy: toy for a boy	toy boy enjoy
Set 3 Speed Sound Rhyme		
a-e	a-e: make a cake	shake name same save brave late
ea	ea: cup of tea	neat real clean please dream
i-e	i-e: nice smile	hide shine white nice wide like
o-e	o-e: phone home	hope home rose spoke note those
u-e	u-e: huge brute	tune rude use June excuse
aw	aw: yawn at dawn	saw raw law straw dawn crawl
are	are: care and share	bare bare spare scare flare square
ur	ur: nurse with a purse	burn turn hurl burp slurp lurk
ow	ow: brown cow	howl down brown drown gown
oi	oi: spoil the boy	join coin voice choice noise
ai	ai: snail in the rain	paint train rain plain strain
e	e: he me she we	he me she we he
oa	oa: goat in a boat	toad road oak loaf throat toast
ew	ew: chew the stew	new knew flew blew crew newt
er	er: better letter	over never weather hamster after
ire	ire: fire fire	spire bonfire inspire conspire hire
ear	oar: hear with your ear	fear dear gear spear year
ure	ure: sure it's pure	picture mixture adventure pure

Click the link below to hear how to pronounce the sounds correctly.

<http://www.ruthmiskin.com/en/resources/sound-pronunciation-guide/>

Nonsense words (Alien words)

As children build up their knowledge of sounds they are able to apply their decoding skills to any unfamiliar word may it be real or nonsense. During lessons each day children will practice the letters in 'Alien words', knowledge of real words, and knowledge. This is an important children complete at the end of



their decoding skills by sounding out Children are unable to rely on existing instead have to use their letter-sound part of the Phonics Screening Test year 1.

The following websites have enjoyable games for your child to play to practice their reading of alien words.

<http://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/PicnicOnPluto.html>

<http://ictgames.com/literacy.html>

<http://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/ks1/literacy/phonics/play/>

l e g



When using Fred Fingers each finger represents one sound. When children reach yellow Read Write Inc storybooks they will begin to learn to trace the letters onto each finger and say the letter names.

Letter formation

Children are taught how to form letters using a handwriting phrase to help. See <https://abbotsphonics.files.wordpress.com/2013/02/hand-writing-phrases1.pdf> for phrases and explanation of how to teach.

Ruth Miskin the founder of Read Write Inc had compiled a selection of videos that give lots more information and examples. Click the link below to find out more about

- Saying sounds correctly
- Linking sounds to letters
- Two letters, one sound
- Practise, practise, practise
- Putting sounds together to read simple words
- Tricky words
- Reading books
- Using pictures
- Writing letters
- Read to your child as much as you can

<http://www.ruthmiskin.com/en/resources/playlist-ruth-miskins-top-tips-parents/>